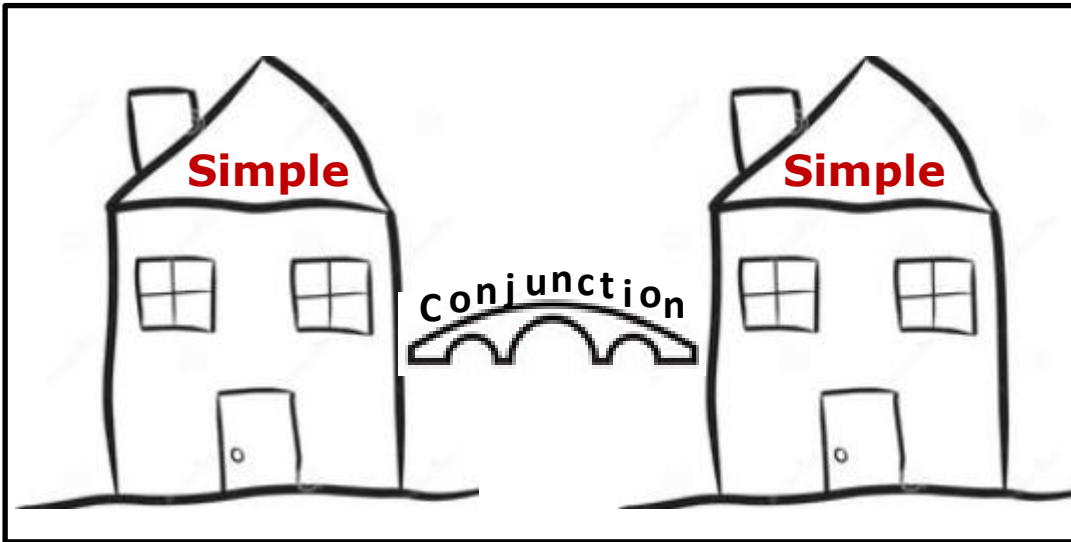


# Compound Sentence & Conjunctions

## COMPOUND SENTENCE

Cut out, paste far left side, and write the definition under the tab.



Cut out, paste entire box. Feel free to color the simple structures and/or the coordinating conjunction bridge that connects them.

Independent  
Clause,

+

Coordinating  
Conjunction

+

Independent  
Clause

He ate pizza, **and** she ate a salad.



**Remember!** Use a *comma* before the coordinator. Also, keep in mind that **FANBOYS** will help you remember the coordinating conjunctions below:  
**For, And, Nor, But, Or, Yet, So.**

for  
and  
nor  
but  
or  
yet  
so

In grammar, a conjunction is a part of speech that connects two words, phrases or clauses together.

## CONJUNCTIONS

Chart H

Coordinating  
Conjunction

Subordinating  
Conjunction

Correlative  
Conjunction

f	
a	
n	
b	
o	
y	
s	

W	
W	
W	
.	
a	
s	
i	
a	
.	
w	
u	
b	

either	
neither	
both	
whether	
not only	
not	

Conjunctions

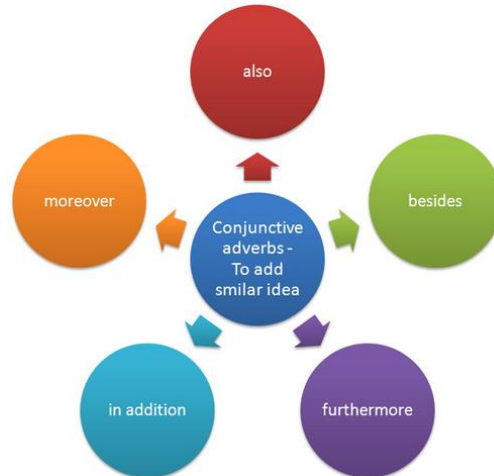
Correlative

Coordinating

Subordinating

# Relative pronouns

# CONJUNCTIVE ADVERBS

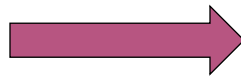


declarative



S

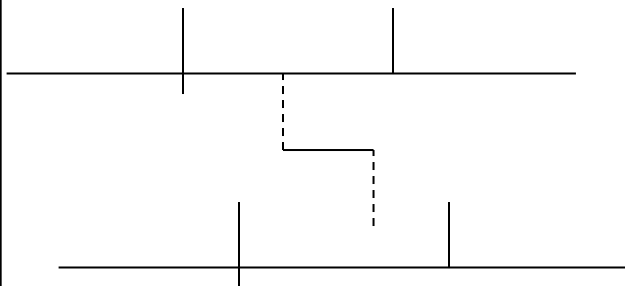
exclamatory



E

Diagram this:

SN      Vt      DO      C      SN      Vt      DO  
 Jesus loves me, so Jesus loves you.



Classification:

Compound, Declarative S-Vt-DO / S-Vt-DO

Sentence #1

Question Confirmation:

1. Who loves me? *Jesus*, subject noun
2. What is being said about *Jesus*? *Jesus loves*, verb
3. *Jesus loves* whom? *me* \*Can *me* replace or describe *Jesus*? No; *me*, direct object; verb transitive
4. *so*, conjunction
5. Who loves you? *Jesus*, subject noun
6. What is being said about *Jesus*? *Jesus loves*, verb
7. *Jesus loves* whom? *you* \*Can *you* replace or describe *Jesus*? No; *you*, direct object; verb transitive

→ Transitive verbs transfer action from a subject to an object